Roll No.....

Name of the Department: Physics

Name of the Course : B.Sc. Prog.-CBCS Core

Name of the Paper : Thermal Physics and Statistical Mechanics

Semester : III

**Unique Paper Code** : 42224303 NC

Medium : English

**Question Paper Set No. : C** 

**Duration:** 3 Hours Max. Marks: 75

## **Instructions for Candidates**

I Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.

II All questions carry equal marks. Attempt any **four** questions in all.

Q.1. Differentiate between isothermal and adiabatic processes. Prove that  $TT T^{1}T^{\gamma\gamma}/\gamma = 0$  constant for an ideal gas in an adiabatic process where  $\gamma \gamma = \frac{C \rho_P}{C \rho_V}$ . Show that ratio of adiabatic elasticity (E<sub>S</sub>) and isothermal elasticity (E<sub>T</sub>) is equal to  $\frac{C \rho_T}{C c^2}$ . (E<sub>S</sub>) and isothermal elasticity (E<sub>T</sub>) is equal to  $\frac{CG_T}{CG_V}$ 

Q.2. Calculate work done in a Carnot cycle. Derive an expression for the efficiency of Carnot's engine in terms of the temperature of Source and sink.

Q.3. Derive the expression for Maxwell's law of distribution of the velocities.

Q.4. Prove Maxwell's second thermodynamic relation  $\frac{\partial \partial \partial \partial}{\partial \partial V} = \frac{\partial \partial TT}{\partial \partial TV}$ 

From it, establish Clausius-Clapeyron relation  $\frac{\partial \partial \partial}{\partial \partial TT} = \frac{LL}{TT(VVV)}$ . How does it explain the effect of pressure on a) Melting point of solids b) Boiling point of liquids?

Q.5. Explain Planck's hypothesis of black body radiation. Derive Planck's formula for the distribution of energy in the spectrum of a black body. Deduce from it, Wein's displacement law and Rayleigh Jean's law.

Q.6. Differentiate between Fermi-Dirac and Bose-Einstein statistics. Obtain an expression for Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution law.